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Certified Public Accountants & Business Advisors

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Shared Interest, Inc. New York, NY 10001

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Shared Interest, Inc. (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Shared Interest, Inc. as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Shared Interest, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Shared Interest, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from

fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Shared Interest, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Shared Interest, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Hyper Luber Luc + ackuras PKKC

Floral Park, New York July 14, 2023

SHARED INTEREST, INC. STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

ASSETS

	December, 31			
	2022	2021		
Assets	.	.		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 327,626	\$ 465,581		
Investments at fair value	13,762,113	14,434,406		
Accrued interest receivable	135,459	83,841		
Contributions and grant income receivable	50,600	160,900		
Other receivables	25,127	134,381		
Prepaid expenses	12,606	19,517		
Property and equipment, net	10,201	10,599		
Other assets	6,390	6,390		
Total assets	\$ 14,330,122	<u>\$ 15,315,615</u>		
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 137,895	\$ 101,887		
Accrued interest payable to note holders	42,522	37,876		
Promissory notes payable	12,102,500	12,157,500		
Total liabilities	12,282,917	12,297,263		
Commitments and Contingencies				
Net Assets				
Without donor restrictions	2,037,205	2,997,652		
With donor restrictions	10,000	20,700		
Total net assets	2,047,205	3,018,352		
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 14,330,122	<u>\$ 15,315,615</u>		

SHARED INTEREST, INC. STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions		Without Donor With Donor		Total
Support and Revenue					_
Contributions	\$	737,265	\$	-	\$ 737,265
Special events revenue		142,165		-	142,165
In-kind contributions		273,833		-	273,833
Interest and dividend income		190,588		-	190,588
Miscellaneous income		7,695		-	7,695
Net assets released from restrictions		10,700		(10,700)	
Sub-total		1,362,246		(10,700)	1,351,546
Net unrealized loss on investments		(581,046)			 (581,046)
Total support and revenue		781,200		(10,700)	770,500
Expenses					
Program services					
Other program services		1,413,687		-	1,413,687
Fundraising		203,012		-	203,012
General and administrative expenses		124,948		-	 124,948
Total expenses		1,741,647			1,741,647
Change in net assets		(960,447)		(10,700)	(971,147)
Net assets - beginning		2,997,652		20,700	 3,018,352
Net assets - ending	\$	2,037,205	\$	10,000	\$ 2,047,205

SHARED INTEREST, INC. STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Wit	let Assets thout Donor estrictions	Wit	t Assets th Donor strictions		Total
Support and Revenue						
Contributions	\$	676,495	\$	20,000	\$	696,495
Special events revenue, net of direct donor benefit						
of \$5,976		258,744		-		258,744
In-kind contributions		82,201		-		82,201
Interest and dividend income		99,515		-		99,515
Government grant - payroll protection program		202,400				202,400
Government grant - employee retention credit		64,395		-		64,395
Miscellaneous income		15,992		-		15,992
Net assets released from restrictions		10,000		(10,000)		
					·	_
Subtotal		1,409,742		10,000		1,419,742
Net realized gain on investments		12,868		-		12,868
Net unrealized loss on investments		(328,854)				(328,854)
Total support and revenue		1,093,756		10,000		1,103,756
Expenses						
Program services						
Other program services		971,553		-		971,553
Fundraising		196,115		-		196,115
General and administrative expenses		82,373				82,373
Total expenses		1,250,041				1,250,041
Change in net assets		(156,285)		10,000		(146,285)
Net assets - beginning		3,153,937		10,700		3,164,637
Net assets - ending	\$	2,997,652	\$	20,700	\$	3,018,352

SHARED INTEREST, INC. STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Program Services	Fu	ndraising	neral and ninistrative	E	Total xpenses
Salary, payroll taxes and employee benefits Rent and utilities Telephone, facsimile and postage Office expenses and insurance Equipment rental and repairs Professional fees Audit services Public relations Special event expense Printing and publications Bank service charges and management fees	\$ 577,542 24,820 8,198 15,552 4,305 636,321 9,500 22,590 37,461 1,150 20,730	\$	108,933 4,682 1,546 2,933 812 - - 5,648 69,838 287	\$ 40,396 1,736 574 1,088 301 48,142 9,500 - - - 10,362	\$	726,871 31,238 10,318 19,573 5,418 684,463 19,000 28,238 107,299 1,437 31,092
Staff travel expenses Dues and subscriptions Miscellaneous Depreciation	 32,977 17,512 2,873 2,156		3,405 3,979 542 407	 11,369 201 1,279		36,382 32,860 3,616 3,842
	\$ 1,413,687	\$	203,012	\$ 124,948	\$	1,741,647

SHARED INTEREST, INC. STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	rogram ervices	Fur	ndraising		eral and nistrative	E	Total xpenses
Salary, payroll taxes and employee benefits	\$ 495,608	\$	93,479	\$	34,665	\$	623,752
Rent and utilities	85,346		16,098	•	5,969		107,413
Telephone, facsimile and postage	8,973		1,692		628		11,293
Office expenses and insurance	16,638		3,139		1,162		20,939
Equipment rental and repairs	3,887		733		272		4,892
Professional fees	236,014		-		17,856		253,870
Audit services	9,034		-		9,034		18,068
Public relations	36,875		9,219		-		46,094
Special event expense	39,311		73,287		-		112,598
Printing and publications	2,860		715		-		3,575
Bank service charges and management fees	12,118		-		6,056		18,174
Board travel expenses	5,058		-		-		5,058
Staff travel expenses	4,290		443		-		4,733
Dues and subscriptions	9,167		2,083		5,951		17,201
Miscellaneous	4,218		796		295		5,309
Depreciation	2,156		407		150		2,713
Loss on abandonment of equipment	-				335		335
	971,553		202,091		82,373		1,256,017
Less: direct donor benefit	-		(5,976)				(5,976)
	\$ 971,553	\$	196,115	\$	82,373	\$	1,250,041

SHARED INTEREST, INC. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Years Ended December 31,			
		2022		2021
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Change in net assets	\$	(971,147)	\$	(146,285)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities				
Depreciation		3,842		2,713
Net unrealized loss on investments		581,046		328,854
Gain on sale of investments		-		(12,868)
Loss on disposal of equipment		-		335
Government grant - payroll protection program		-		(202,400)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities				
Promissory notes payable		(55,000)		202,000
Interest receivable		(51,618)		17,791
Contributions and grant income receivable		110,300		(119,700)
Prepaid expenses Other receivables		6,911		94,439
Other receivables Other assets		109,254		(97,931) 3,398
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		36,008		11,936
Accrued interest payable to note holders		4,646		(3,026)
Accided interest payable to note holders		.,0.0		(0,020)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(225,758)		79,256
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Proceeds from sale of investments		375,000		1,352,504
Purchase of investments		(283,753)		(1,430,940)
Acquisition of equipment		(3,444)		(5,878)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		87,803		(84,314)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities				
Proceeds from payroll protection program				100,700
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(137,955)		95,642
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		465,581		369,939
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	<u>\$</u>	327,626	\$	465,581
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information				
Income taxes	¢	_	Ф.	_
Interest	<u>\$</u>	147,887	<u>\$</u> \$	162,807
IIILGIGOL	φ	147,007	φ	102,007

NOTE 1 - NATURE OF BUSINESS

Shared Interest, Inc. ("Shared Interest" or the "Organization") is a not-for-profit entity supported by individuals and institutions committed to helping to strengthen the financial and community organizations needed to shape Southern Africa's equitable and democratic development.

The mission of the Organization is, through the use of guaranteed capital provided by outside investors, to partially collateralize Southern African commercial loans to community development financial institutions, social enterprises, and emerging farmers engaged in Southern Africa's development process. Shared Interest relies on Third Party Advisors in Southern Africa to place and monitor the guarantees and ensure that the beneficiary organizations and lenders receive necessary technical support.

The Organization receives investments from individual and institutional investors that serve as collateral for loans made in South Africa, Eswatini, Mozambique, and Malawi. The Organization invests amounts received in high-quality, socially screened debt securities and deposits in U.S financial institutions, and it acknowledges through the issuance of promissory notes the obligation to return these funds to the investors at a future date.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting

The Organization's financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting policies generally accepted in the United States of America, which involves the application of the accrual method of accounting; accordingly, the financial statements reflect all material receivables, payables, and other liabilities.

Basis of Presentation

On August 18, 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued new rules for nonprofits which apply to annual financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. ASU 2016-14, "Not-For-Profit Entities" (Topic 958):

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-For-Profit Entities simplifies and improves how not-for-profit entities classify net assets as well as the information presented in the financial statements and notes about liquidity, financial performance, and cash flows.

In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 958-605, "Revenue Recognition", contributions received are recorded as without donor restrictions or with donor restrictions, depending on the existence and/or nature of any donor restrictions.

The financial statement presentation is in conformity with FASB ASC 958, "Not-for-Profit Entities" which requires the Organization to report information regarding its financial position according to two classes of net assets in et assets without donor restrictions and net assets with donor restrictions.

Accordingly, the net assets of the Organization and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

- Net assets without donor restrictions include assets, revenues, and gains that are available for support of the Organization's general operations. Included in net assets without donor restrictions are board designated guarantee loss reserves in the amounts of \$2,037,205 and \$2,997,652 at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
- Net assets with donor restrictions include contributions that are donor restricted for uses which have not yet been fulfilled whether by the passage of time or by purpose. When a time restriction ends or a purpose restriction is accomplished, they are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from donor restrictions. The Organization has \$10,000 and \$20,700 in net assets with donor restrictions at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits at banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investments

Investments in marketable securities are classified and accounted for as available-forsale and accordingly, carried at fair value based on market quotes, with unrealized and realized gains and/or losses included in earnings along with charges for impairments that are other than temporary. All other investments are carried at fair value based on management's estimate.

Contributions and Grant Income Receivable

Contributions and grants are recognized when the donor makes a promise to give to the Organization that is, in substance, unconditional. The fair value of promises to give that are due in more than one year is estimated by discounting the future cash flows using a current risk-free rate of return based on the yield of a U.S. Treasury security with a maturity date similar to the expected collection period.

The Organization provides an allowance for doubtful accounts equal to the estimated uncollectible amounts. The Organization's estimate is based on historical collection experience and a review of the current status of unconditional promises to give. It is reasonably possible that the Organization's estimate of the allowance for doubtful accounts will change. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, no allowance for uncollectible unconditional promises to give was deemed necessary.

Contributions and grant income receivable from various sources are as follows:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
In less than one year	<u>\$50,600</u>	<u>\$160,900</u>

Property and Equipment, Net

Property and equipment, consisting of computer equipment and leasehold improvements, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Major expenditures for property and those which substantially increase useful lives are capitalized. Maintenance, repairs, and minor renewals are expensed as incurred. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, their costs and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and resulting gains or losses are included in statement of activities. Depreciation and amortization are provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Leases

The Organization categorizes leases with contractual terms longer than twelve months as either operating or finance leases. Leases are classified as finance leases when the Organization expects to consume a major part of the economic benefits of the leased assets over the remaining lease term. Conversely, the Organization is not expected to consume a major part of the economic benefits of assets classified as operating leases. The lease classification affects both the pattern and presentation of the expense recognized in the statement of income, the categorization of assets and liabilities in the balance sheet, and classification of cash flows in the statement of cash flows.

Total lease cost consists of two components; amortization expense related to the write-off of right-of-use assets, and interest expense from lease obligations.

For financing leases, total lease cost is recorded on an accelerated basis whereby interest expense is recorded using the effective interest method and right-of-use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the remaining lease term. For operating leases, total lease cost is measured and recorded on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Non-lease components, such as common area maintenance (CAM) charges, are separated from lease components based on terms of related lease. Variable lease components consist of real estate taxes and insurance charges related to the real estate lease, and are recorded as lease expense as incurred.

Lease obligations are measured and recorded at the present value of future lease payments using a discount rate. Because the Organization generally does not have access to the rate implicit in each lease, lease obligations are measured using the incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate. The incremental borrowing rate is the rate that would be paid to borrow on a collateralized basis over a similar term and amount equal to the lease payments in a similar economic environment.

Right-of-use assets are generally measured and recorded at the sum of the lease obligation, any initial direct costs to consummate the lease, and any lease payments made on or before the commencement date.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

In accordance with FASB ASC 360, long-lived assets, including property and equipment and intangible assets subject to amortization, if any, are reviewed for impairment and written down to fair value whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable through future undiscounted cash flows. An impairment loss is measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of a long-lived asset exceeds its fair value. No impairment has been recognized for the years ending December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Contributions

Contributions are recorded as income upon receipt of cash or unconditional pledges. Contributions are considered available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donor. Individual and institutional investors are encouraged to donate a portion of their investment income to the Organization to help cover the transaction costs of its guarantees and maintain its operations. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, investment income attributable to promissory agreements amounted to \$182,913 and \$196,463, respectively of which \$30,380 and \$36,682 was contributed by the investors to the Organization. The latter amounts were included in Contribution Revenue of \$737,265 and \$676,495.

In-kind Contributions

In-kind contributions consist of donated services and are recognized as contributions in accordance with FASB ASC 958 if the services (a) create or enhance nonfinancial assets or (b) require specialized skills, are performed by the people with those skills, and would otherwise be purchased by the Organization. Volunteers also provided services throughout the year that are not recognized as contributions in the financial statements since the recognition criteria were not met.

Intermediary Transactions

Interest earned on investments is returned to investors who loaned funds to the Organization, and accordingly, is not reflected as earnings of Shared Interest. Investors may donate all or a portion of their investment income to the Organization and such income is reflected as contribution revenue in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Income Taxes

The Organization has been approved as a tax-exempt organization under the Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3). The Organization is also exempt from state and local income taxes. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is made in the financial statements.

The Organization has concluded that there are no uncertain tax positions requiring recognition in the financial statements. If the Organization was to incur an income tax liability in the future, interest on any income tax liability would be reported as interest expense and penalties on any income tax liability would be reported as income taxes. The Organization's conclusions regarding uncertain tax positions may be subject to review and adjustment at a later date based upon ongoing analyses of tax laws, regulations, and interpretations thereof as well as other factors. Generally, federal, state, and local authorities may examine the Organization's tax returns for three years from the date of filing; consequently, the respective tax returns for years prior to 2019 are no longer subject to examination by tax authorities.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of providing the program and supporting services have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities. The statements of functional expenses presents the natural classification of expense by function. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services in ratios determined by management.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reclassification

The 2021 combined financial statements have been reclassified for comparative purposes to conform to the 2022 presentation. Such reclassifications had no effect on the net income or financial position.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

New Accounting Standard Recently Adopted

Effective January 1, 2022, the Organization adopted Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-02, Leases (ASC Topic 842) and subsequent amendments. ASC 842 affects all companies that enter into lease arrangements, with certain exclusions under limited scope limitations. Under ASU 2016-02, an entity recognizes right-of-use assets and lease obligations on its balance sheet for all leases with a lease term of more than twelve months. Short-term rentals under year-to-year leases or remaining lease terms of twelve months or less are exempt from being capitalized.

In adopting the new lease standard, the Organization elected to use a transition method under which existing leases were measured and capitalized as of the date of adoption, January 1, 2022, in lieu of applying the standard retrospectively to January 1, 2021.

Additionally, as part of the implementation, the Organization elected to use a package of optional practical expedients which permit the Organization to avoid reassessing previous lease identifications within contracts, the existence of initial direct costs, and the lease classifications of any expired and existing leases. Moreover, in accordance with the expedients, all lease classified as operating lease under previous Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") are automatically classified as operating leases under the new standard, and all leases previously classified as capital lease are recorded as finance leases.

Leases recognized under the new standard include leases that were not capitalized under previous GAAP, as well as certain other leases that were capitalized based on different GAAP criteria.

On January 1, 2022, the Organization had no agreements that needed to be capitalized.

Subsequent Events

The Organization has evaluated subsequent events or transactions through July 14, 2023, the date on which the financial statements are available to be issued and has determined that there were no material events.

NOTE 3 - GUARANTEE LOSS RESERVE FUND

The Guarantee Loss Reserve Fund was created by the Board of Shared Interest out of its unrestricted net assets for the purpose of maintaining funds to cover potential defaults by borrowers on loans guaranteed by Shared Interest.

In the event that a loss on a loan guarantee exceeds Shared Interest's risk coverage provisions, including the additional loss provisions described in Note 4, that loss may be drawn from the Shared Interest unrestricted net assets and/or lenders' outstanding principal.

Recognizing that the guarantees carry considerable risk of non-repayment, Shared Interest has refined its system for assessing and monitoring outstanding guarantees and providing for potential losses. Shared Interest's Third-Party Advisors monitor its outstanding guarantees and reports to Shared Interest on the risk of each outstanding guarantee on a quarterly basis. Shared Interest's policy is to maintain a guarantee loss reserve fund equal to at least 7% of the outstanding guarantees it backs (see Note 12) with its securities and to increase that amount if quarterly risk assessments indicate the need.

The Organization invests a considerable portion of its Guarantee Loss Reserve Fund into rand-based investments to minimize the risk of currency fluctuation on rand denominated calls, should the rand appreciate against the-dollar.

During 2022, there were no calls.

NOTE 4 - INVESTMENTS

Investment assets held by the Organization are stated at quoted market value. Shared Interest's investment policy requires that investments for the Guarantee or Guarantee Loss Reserve Funds be fixed income securities or deposits that are investment quality and meet requirements of the bank issuing letters of credit. The Organization interprets investment quality to include bonds rated BBB and stocks rated

NOTE 4 - INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Moody's and Standard and Poor's. In 2022, no investments were defaulted upon. Gains and losses from these investments, if any, are reported in the Statement of Activities. Since the investments are held to maturity, any change in value is of a temporary nature. For the year ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 net unrealized loss on investments totaled \$581,046 and \$328,854. At December 31, 2022 and 2021 investments consist of the following:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Cash and cash equivalents held in brokerage accounts	\$ 1,119,060	\$ 5,721,530
Corporate bonds	11,164,785	7,065,461
South African sovereign bonds	560,018	615,977
Listed equities	4,038	6,805
Mutual funds	914,212	1,024,633
	<u>\$ 13,762,113</u>	<u>\$ 14,434,406</u>

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Major classes of property and equipment for years ended December 31, are as follows:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Computer and office equipment Leasehold improvements	\$ 21,659 <u>7,791</u> 29,450	\$ 18,215
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	19,249	15,407
	<u>\$ 10,201</u>	<u>\$ 10,599</u>

Related depreciation and amortization expense for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$3,842 and \$2,713, respectively.

NOTE 6 - PROMISSORY NOTES

Promissory notes issued mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	<u>Amount</u>
2023	\$ 3,547,000
2024	2,525,500
2025	2,281,000
2026	728,000
Thereafter	3,021,000
	<u>\$ 12,102,500</u>

The promissory notes are stated at their face amounts. All of the notes used to back guarantees carry a provision evidencing the fact that the underlying principle of their promissory note may be used to satisfy the guarantee of a failed loan in South Africa.

Interest is paid semi-annually in arrears on March 31 and September 30 of each year. The rate of interest paid to note holders is set at the date a note is issued and in accordance with prevailing rates for U.S. Treasury Notes. Currently, rates on outstanding notes range from 0% to 3.75%. As discussed in Note 2, investors are encouraged to donate a portion of their investment earnings to the Organization.

NOTE 7 - PAYROLL PROTECTION PROGRAM LOAN

As a result of the spread of the COVID-19 coronavirus, economic uncertainties have arisen which are likely to have a financial impact. To assist those affected by the pandemic, the United States Congress passed a stimulus bill called the CARES Act. One of the programs established by the CARES Act is the Payroll Protection Program ("PPP"), which is designed to provide an incentive for small businesses to keep employees on the payroll.

The Company filed an application under the PPP and on April 20, 2020, the Company received \$101,700 of loan proceeds. The program provides that the loan will be forgiven if the funds are used for payroll, mortgage interest, rent or utilities (with separate amount used for payroll). It was possible that all, none, or a portion of the loan will be forgiven. This loan, which matured in two years, was subject to an interest rate of 1% per annum with payments deferred for a period of time and was guaranteed by the Small Business Administration. On January 4, 2021, the loan and accrued interest was entirely forgiven and is reflected as a Government Grant on the Statement of Activities and Changes In Net Assets.

NOTE 7 - PAYROLL PROTECTION PROGRAM LOAN (Continued)

The Company filed an application under the second PPP and on February 24, 2021, the Company received \$100,700 of loan proceeds. On December 7, 2021, the loan and accrued interest was entirely forgiven and is reflected as a Government Grant on the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets.

NOTE 8 - INTEREST AND DIVIDEND INCOME

Interest and dividend income for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 totaled \$190,588 and \$99,515, respectively. This represents interest and dividends earned on all of the Organization's investments except for those supported by promissory notes. The income earned on the investments supported by promissory notes that is donated back to the Organization is included in contribution income.

NOTE 9 - CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, cash balances in excess of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") limits were approximately \$80,000 and \$215,000, respectively.

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company had investments (which included cash, money market funds and other securities) with a brokerage firm that were in excess of the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) insured limits by approximately \$13,260,000 and \$14,150,000, respectively.

NOTE 10 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Basis of Fair Value Measurement

The Organization accounts for marketable securities in accordance with FASB ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures". FASB ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted observable quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under FASB ASC 820 are described below:

Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities;

NOTE 11 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

Basis of Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

Level 2 Quoted prices in markets that are not considered to be active or financial instruments for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly;

Level 3 Prices or valuations that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable.

A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The following table presents by level, within the fair value hierarchy the Company investment assets at fair value, as of December 31, 2022 and 2021. As required by FASB ASC 820, investment assets are classified in their entirety based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

<u>Description</u>	<u>12/31/22</u>	Quoted Prices In Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Corporate Bonds, Municipal Bonds, Mutual Funds and Listed Equities	<u>\$ 12,643,053</u>	<u>\$918,250</u>	<u>\$ 11,724,803</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Corporate Bonds, Municipal Bonds, Mutual Funds and Listed Equities	12/31/21 \$ 8,712,876	<u>\$1,031,438</u>	<u>\$ 7,681,438</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Guarantee

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the outstanding guarantees issued amounted to \$3,859,163 and \$2,924,669, respectively. There were no guarantees approved but not issued as of December 31, 2022 or December 31, 2021.

Operating Lease

The Organization was obligated under a lease for its office space which expired on July 31, 2018. The Organization entered into a modification and extension agreement with its landlord to extend its current lease for an additional five-year period. The modification commenced on August 1, 2018 and was set to expire on July 31, 2023. In November 2021, the Organization terminated its lease, paying a sum of \$47,300 to be released from the lease. Rent expense for the years ending December 31, 2022 and 2021 totaled \$31,238 and \$107,413 (including the lease termination fee), respectively.

NOTE 13 - LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY

The Organization's financial assets available within one year of the balance sheet date for general expenditures are as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 327,626
Investments at fair value	13,762,113
Contributions and grant receivable	50,600
Other receivables	25,127
Accrued interest receivable	 135,459
Total financial assets available	
within one year	\$ 14,300,925